



## BETTER CARE FUND – INTEGRATING HEALTH AND CARE

Prevention and Early Intervention	Integrated Care for People with Long Term Conditions	Hospital Discharges and Reablement	Joint Commissioning Arrangements
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The development of a single point of access into health and social care services; including the Integrated Rapid Response service.</li> <li>▪ The development of preventative services that support independence eg 'Shaftesbury House Short Stay Project' and the introduction of the 'I Age Well Tool'.</li> <li>▪ A review of all community therapy services including remodelling of Community Occupational Therapy (COT), ICES (integrated Community Equipment Service) and Wheelchair service.</li> <li>▪ Continued expansion of the Social Prescribing programme.</li> <li>▪ Implement actions in the Joint Carers Strategy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The development of integrated health and social care teams – The Health Village Project.</li> <li>▪ The development of a single health and social care plan for people with long term conditions.</li> <li>▪ The improvement of quality of care through a joint approach to care home support – Enhanced Health in Care Homes.</li> <li>▪ The provision of dementia support services to promote independence.</li> <li>▪ The Commissioning of sheltered housing to promote the independence of people with learning disabilities.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The reconfiguration of the home enabling service to support hospital discharges seven days a week.</li> <li>▪ The consideration of a specialist reablement centre incorporating intermediate care.</li> <li>▪ Further review and reconfiguration of intermediate care to include trusted assessor approach to referrals.</li> <li>▪ Build strong links with care home sector to enhance health in care homes – trusted assessor, enhanced skills for staff, health quality officer.</li> <li>▪ Implement High Impact Change Model</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ To have a shared approach to delayed transfers of care (DTOC).</li> <li>▪ The development of joint commissioning around fee setting of domiciliary care, residential, nursing home and CHC placements.</li> <li>▪ The development of a joint medication administration policy for people receiving care at home.</li> <li>▪ The increase in uptake of people with personal health budgets, Integrated Personal Commissioning Plans and direct payments.</li> <li>▪ The reduction in the cost of learning disability high cost care packages.</li> <li>▪ Clear governance and accountability arrangements for new models of care – Accountable Care System</li> </ul>
<b>What are the outcomes?</b>			
<b>To reduce the number of permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes.</b>	<b>To increase the number of older people still at home 91 days after hospital discharge.</b>	<b>To reduce the number of delayed transfers of care from hospital.</b>	<b>To reduce the total number of emergency admissions and readmissions to hospital.</b>

**TO IMPROVE CARE**